

## Firearm Legislation

Bill/Sponsor	Description	Status/Notes
HB 174 (Mayfield)	Amends the Criminal Code of 2012. Provides that the provision of the Code that makes it an offense for a person who possesses or acquires a firearm and thereafter loses the firearm, or if the firearm is stolen from the person, to fail to report the loss or theft to the local law enforcement agency within 72 hours after obtaining knowledge of the loss or theft is a Class 4 felony for a third offense (rather than a Class A misdemeanor) and a Class 3 felony for a fourth or subsequent offense. Effective immediately.	Assigned to Jud-Crim Firearms and Firearm Safety Subcommittee
HB 240 (Bennett-Skillicorn-Bailey)	Amends the Wildlife Code. Provides that a person with a valid concealed carry license issued under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act, or an off-duty law enforcement official or officer, may carry a handgun on or about his or her person while hunting. Effective immediately.	Assigned to Jud-Crim Firearms and Firearm Safety Subcommittee
HB 248 (McDermed)	Amends the Firearm Concealed Carry Act. Permits certain judicial officers, some with written consent required, to carry a concealed firearm to any building, parking area, or portion of a building under the control of an officer of the executive or legislative branch of government, any building designated for matters before a circuit court, appellate court, or the Supreme Court, or any building or portion of a building under the control of the Supreme Court and any building or portion of a building under the control of a unit of local government.	Assigned to Jud-Crim Firearms and Firearm Safety Subcommittee
HB 274 (Reick-Windhorst)	Amends the Firearm Concealed Carry Act. Provides that a municipality, including a home rule unit, may not revoke, suspend, or refuse to renew a business license or otherwise interfere with a business license issued by the municipality to a business owner, including the holder of a retail liquor license issued under the Liquor Control Act of 1934, because the business owner lawfully permits a concealed carry licensee to carry firearms into his or her business establishment. Effective immediately.	Assigned to Jud-Crim Firearms and Firearm Safety Subcommittee
HB 283 (McSweeney)	Amends the Mental Health and Developmental Disabilities Code. Provides that the ISP shall annually compile and submit a report to the Governor and General Assembly no later than May 31 of each calendar year on the number of persons reported as posing a clear and present danger to themselves or others by persons required to report that information to the ISP under the Code.	Assigned to Jud-Crim Firearms and Firearm Safety Subcommittee
HB 333 (DeLuca)	Amends the Juvenile Court Act of 1987. Provides that if a minor has previously been placed on probation for an offense that involves the use or possession of a firearm, the court may not place the minor on probation for any subsequent offense involving the use or possession of a firearm. Provides that a minor convicted of a subsequent offense involving the use or possession of a firearm shall result in a mandatory sentence of no less than 6 months confinement to the Department of Juvenile Justice with the Department providing services including, but not limited to, education, mental health, drug treatment, and mentoring.	Assigned to Jud-Crim Juvenile Justice and Systems Involved Youth Subcommittee.
HB 364 (Reick-Welter-Ammons-Skillicorn-Windhorst)	Amends the Firearm Concealed Carry Act. Provides that a concealed carry license shall be renewed for a period of 5 years from the date of expiration on the applicant's current license upon the applicant completing the necessary requirements under the Act.	Assigned to Jud-Crim Firearms and Firearm Safety Subcommittee

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<p>HB 367 (McCombie-Batinick-Bryant-Bailey)</p>	<p>If and only if Senate Bill 337 of the 100th General Assembly becomes law, then the Firearm Dealer License Certification Act is amended. Provides that the provisions of the Act concerning the certification of the license of a Federal Firearms Licensee apply only to a Federal Firearms Licensee who has been found by the federal or State government to have 3 or more firearms used in the commission of criminal offenses sold or transferred by the licensee within the 5 years prior to his or her application for certification of his or her license.</p>	<p>Assigned to Jud-Crim Firearms and Firearm Safety Subcommittee</p>
<p>HB 885 (Bailey)</p>	<p>Provides that notwithstanding whether the laws of the state or territory where the non-resident resides related to firearm ownership, possession, and carrying are substantially similar to the requirements to obtain a license under the Act, the Department of State Police shall allow for a non-resident license application if the applicant is employed by the United States Military permanently assigned in Illinois on Permanent Change of Station or Permanent Change of Assignment orders and who is not a resident of the State but maintains an address in the State.</p>	<p>Assigned to Jud-Crim Firearms and Firearm Safety Subcommittee</p>
<p>HB 887 (Didech-Carroll)</p>	<p>Provides that the Department of State Police has authority to deny an application for or to revoke and seize a Firearm Owner's Identification Card previously issued under the Act if the Department finds that the applicant or the person to whom the card was issued is or was at the time of issuance a person who has been convicted within the past 5 years of stalking or a substantially similar offense in another jurisdiction, in which a firearm was used or possessed.</p>	<p>Assigned to Jud-Crim Firearms and Firearm Safety Subcommittee</p>
<p>HB 888 (Didech-Carroll)</p>	<p>Provides that the Department of State Police shall conduct a search of the purchasers' social media accounts available to the public to determine if there is any information that would disqualify the person from obtaining or require revocation of a currently valid Firearm Owner's Identification Card. Provides that each applicant for a Firearm Owner's Identification Card shall furnish to the Department of State Police a list of every social media account.</p>	<p>Assigned to Jud-Crim Firearms and Firearm Safety Subcommittee</p>
<p>HB 892 (Mussman)</p>	<p>Provides that a person commits the offense of unlawful use of weapons when he knowingly sells, manufactures, purchases, possesses, or carries a firearm with: (1) a major component of which, if subjected to inspection by common metal detection devices, would not be detectable; or (2) a major component of which, if subjected to inspection by common imaging detection devices, would not generate an image that accurately depicts the shape of the component. Provides that this offense is a Class 2 felony.</p>	<p>Assigned to Jud-Crim</p>
<p>HB 898 (Cabello-Reick-Caulking-McDermed-Windhorst)</p>	<p>Defines "retired law enforcement officer qualified under federal law" for purposes of the Act to permit the carrying of a concealed weapon. Amends the Criminal Code of 2012, the Unified Code of Corrections, and the County Jail Act. Permits currently employed and qualified retired State correctional officers and county correctional officers to carry their own firearms off-duty without being in violation of the unlawful use of weapons and aggravated unlawful use of a weapon statutes if they meet certain training requirements. Provides that currently employed and qualified retired State correctional officers and county correctional officers shall carry a photographic identification and a valid annual firearm certificate while carrying their own firearms off-duty. Limited to correctional officers who have custody and control over inmates in an adult correctional facility.</p>	<p>Assigned to Jud-Crim Firearms and Firearm Safety Subcommittee</p>

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HB 899 (Cassidy)	Provides that the Department of State Police shall revoke for one year the Firearm Owner's Identification Card of a card holder who reports to the local law enforcement agency his or her firearms lost or stolen in 3 separate incidents within a 2-year period. Provides that any law enforcement agency that has knowledge that a card holder has reported his or her firearms lost or stolen in 3 separate incidents within a 2-year period shall forthwith forward that information to the Department of State Police. Provides that an "incident" means an occasion in which the card holder's firearm or firearms have been lost or stolen regardless of the number of firearms stolen in the incident and the report of the loss or theft of the firearm or firearms on one occasion shall be considered one incident. Provides that if a law enforcement agency recovers a firearm that had been lost or stolen and has not been previously reported as lost or stolen, the recovery of the firearm shall be considered an incident for the purpose of this provision. Amends the Criminal Code of 2012. Provides that the sentence for attempt to acquire a firearm by use of a revoked Firearm Owner's Identification Card is a Class 4 felony.	Assigned to Jud-Crim Firearms and Firearm Safety Subcommittee
HB 911 (Windhorst-Bailey)	Provides that nothing in the provisions prohibiting the carrying of a concealed firearm in certain areas prevents a concealed carry licensee who is a judge of the Supreme, Appellate, or Circuit Court of this State or an Associate Judge of the Circuit Court, a judge of the United States District Court, United States Court of Appeals, or the United States Supreme Court, a State's Attorney, or Assistant State's Attorney with the consent of the State's Attorney, from carrying a concealed firearm in any area prohibited by these provisions, other than an area where firearms are prohibited under federal law.	Assigned to Jud-Crim Firearms and Firearm Safety Subcommittee
HB 913 (Windhorst-Bailey)	Repeals the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act. Amends various Acts to make conforming changes.	Assigned to Jud-Crim Firearms and Firearm Safety Subcommittee
HB 1467 (Robinson)	Provides that on or after the effective date of the amendatory Act, a person or place of business who sells ammunition to any person in this State shall maintain records for each transaction that includes the: (1) date of the transaction; (2) purchaser's name and date of birth; (3) purchaser's address; (4) purchaser's Firearm Owner's Identification Card information; and (5) ammunition amount, caliber, manufacturer's name and serial number, or other distinguishing information. Requires the person or place of business to submit each record within 7 days of the transaction to the Department of State Police. Provides that each person or place or business shall have a record book maintained on the premises and made available for inspection by any law enforcement officer. Requires the Department of State Police to establish and maintain a searchable database which contains these ammunition records.	Assigned to Jud-Crim Firearms and Firearm Safety Subcommittee
HB 1488 (McCombie-Costello-Bailey-Bristow-Bryant)	Provides that the Department of State Police may develop a system under which the holder of a Firearm Owner's Identification Card and Concealed Carry License may display an electronic version of his or her FOID card and CCL on a mobile telephone or other portable electronic device. Provides that an electronic version of CCL and FOID card shall contain security features the	Assigned to Jud-Crim Firearms and Firearm Safety Subcommittee

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	Department determines to be necessary to ensure that the electronic version is accurate and current and shall satisfy other requirements the Department determines to be necessary regarding form and content.	
HB 1489 (McCombie-Costello-Bailey-Bristow-Bryant)	Provides that the State, including the Department of State Police, shall not establish or maintain a registry that contains information about the purchase of a firearm or the purchaser's personal identifying information.	Assigned to Jud-Crim Firearms and Firearm Safety Subcommittee
HB 1490 (Mussman-McCombie)	Provides that a person who receives a revocation or suspension notice under the Act (currently, only revocation notice) shall, within 48 hours of receiving notice of the revocation or suspension: (1) surrender his or her Firearm Owner's Identification Card to the local law enforcement agency where the person resides; and (2) complete a Firearm Disposition Record on a form prescribed by the Department of State Police and place his or her firearms in the location or with the person reported in the Firearm Disposition Record. Provides that the Firearm Disposition Record shall contain a statement to be signed by the transferee that the transferee: (1) is aware of, and will abide by, current law regarding the unlawful transfer of a firearm; (2) is aware of the penalties for violating the law as it pertains to unlawful transfer of a firearm; and (3) intends to retain possession of the firearm or firearms until it is determined that the transferor is legally eligible to possess a firearm and has an active Firearm Owners Identification Card, if applicable, or until a new person is chosen to hold the firearm or firearms.	Assigned to Jud-Crim
HB 1492 (Miller)	Provides that a concealed carry license shall be renewed for a period of 10 years (currently, 5 years). Provides that an applicant or non-resident requesting a renewal of a concealed carry license shall submit \$10, of which \$7 shall be apportioned to the State Police Firearm Services Fund, \$1 shall be apportioned to the Mental Health Reporting Fund, and \$2 shall be apportioned to the State Crime Laboratory Fund.	Assigned to Jud-Crim Firearms and Firearm Safety Subcommittee
HB 1574 (Spain)	Provides that a concealed carry license shall be renewed for a period of 5 years from the date of expiration on the applicant's current license upon the applicant completing the necessary requirements under the Act.	Assigned to Jud-Crim Firearms and Firearm Safety Subcommittee
HB 1586 (Harper)	Provides that beginning January 1, 2020, all handgun ammunition that is manufactured, imported into the State for sale or personal use, kept for sale, offered or exposed for sale, sold, given, lent, or possessed shall be serialized. Provides that beginning January 1, 2020, any person who manufactures, causes to be manufactured, imports into the State for sale or personal use, keeps for sale, offers or exposes for sale, or who gives or lends any handgun ammunition that is not serialized is guilty of a Class A misdemeanor.	Assigned to Jud-Crim Firearms and Firearm Safety Subcommittee
HB 1599 (Bristow)	Lowering of CCL fees	Assigned to Jud-Crim Firearms and Firearm Safety Subcommittee
HB 1600 (Bristow)	Eliminates provision that a non-resident license application must be from a state or territory with	Assigned to Jud-Crim

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	laws related to firearm ownership, possession, and carrying, that are substantially similar to the requirements to obtain a license under the Act.	Firearms and Firearm Safety Subcommittee
HB 1626 (Skillicorn)	Provides that a person commits the offense of unlawful use of weapons when the person knowingly uses, attaches, or possesses with the intent to use or attach any device or attachment of any kind for silencing the report of any handgun, unless the use, attachment, or possession with the intent to use the device or attachment is on the premises of a firing or shooting range; or possess any device or attachment of any kind designed, used, or intended for use in silencing the report of any other firearm if the device or attachment is not possessed in compliance with the federal National Firearms Act. Provides that a person commits the offense of unlawful sale or delivery of firearms when he or she transfers or gives a suppressor or silencer to a person not authorized to possess the suppressor or silencer under federal law. Amends the Wildlife Code. Removes the prohibition of using a silencer or other device to muffle or mute the sound of the explosion or report resulting from the firing of any gun.	Assigned to Jud-Crim Firearms and Firearm Safety Subcommittee
HB 1632 (Skillicorn)	Removes provisions that a person may not acquire or possess a stun gun or taser within the State without having in his or her possession a Firearm Owner's Identification Card previously issued in his or her name by the Department of State Police under the provisions of the Act.	Assigned to Jud-Crim Firearms and Firearm Safety Subcommittee
HB 2043 (Skillicorn)	Provides that any member of the General Assembly who wishes to introduce a bill pertaining to a firearm must be able to produce proof, upon request, that he or she has completed: (1) the firearm training requirements under the Private Detective, Private Alarm, Private Security, Fingerprint Vendor, and Locksmith Act of 2004; (2) range safety officer training; and (3) a basic knowledge test of calibers and gauges of firearms.	Assigned to Exec
HB 2048 (Meier)	Provides that notwithstanding whether the laws of the state or territory where the non-resident resides related to firearm ownership, possession, and carrying are substantially similar to the requirements to obtain a license under the Act, the Department of State Police shall, no later than 120 days after the effective date of the amendatory Act, allow for a non-resident license application if the applicant is an active duty member of the Armed Forces of the United States who is stationed in the State and lives in the State.	Assigned to Jud-Crim Firearms and Firearm Safety Subcommittee
HB 2052 (Meier)	Lowers the age in which a person may apply for a Firearm Owner's Identification Card without parental or legal guardian consent from 21 years of age to 18 years of age. Provides that an applicant who is 18 (rather than 21) years of age or older seeking a religious exemption to the photograph requirement must furnish with the application an approved copy of United States Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service Form 4029.	Assigned to Jud-Crim Firearms and Firearm Safety Subcommittee
HB 2057 (Windhorst)	Provides that a unit of local government, including a home rule unit, may not impose a tax, fee, or other assessment other than the normal sales tax rate for goods on a firearm, firearm attachment, or firearm ammunition. Provides that the provisions of any ordinance or resolution, in effect or adopted, on or after the effective date of the amendatory Act by any unit of local government, including a home rule unit, that imposes a tax, fee, or other assessment other than the normal sales	Assigned to Jud-Crim Firearms and Firearm Safety Subcommittee

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	tax rate for goods on a firearm, firearm attachment, or firearm ammunition are invalid and void.	
HB 2059 (Murphy-Bailey)	Provides that notwithstanding any other provision of the Act, the fee for a new license or non-resident license shall be waived if the applicant is an honorably discharged member of the Armed Forces of the United States who has been awarded a marksmanship badge.	Assigned to Jud-Crim Firearms and Firearm Safety Subcommittee
HB 2224 (Miller)	Amends the Firearm Dealer License Certification Act. Provides that notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, the Act shall only apply to a person or entity that is in the business of selling, leasing, or otherwise transferring firearms in Cook County, DuPage County, Kane County, McHenry County, or Will County.	Assigned to Jud-Crim Firearms and Firearm Safety Subcommittee
HB 2282 (Morrison)	Eliminates provision that a licensee under the Act shall not knowingly carry a firearm on any real property under the control of the Cook County Forest Preserve District. Effective immediately.	Assigned to Jud-Crim Firearms and Firearm Safety Subcommittee
HB 2253 (Willis-Carroll-Connor)	Provides that no person may acquire or possess an unfinished frame or receiver, unless otherwise exempted under the Act, without having in his or her possession a Firearm Owner's Identification Card previously issued in his or her name by the Department of State Police. Creates a new Article in the Criminal Code of 2012 for offenses regarding undetectable and untraceable firearms. Provides that a person commits unlawful manufacture of an undetectable firearm if he or she knowingly manufactures, assembles, sells, offers to sell, or transfers an undetectable firearm. Unlawful manufacture of an undetectable firearm is a Class 2 felony. Provides that a person commits unlawful possession of an undetectable firearm if he or she knowingly possesses an undetectable firearm. Unlawful possession of an undetectable firearm is a Class 2 felony. Provides that a person also commits unlawful possession of an undetectable firearm if he or she knowingly possesses an undetectable firearm in a public building or possess an undetectable firearm with the intent to bring the undetectable firearm into or onto a public building. This offense is a Class 2 felony.	Assigned to Jud-Crim
HB 2254 (Willis-Carroll-Connor)	Creates the Safe Gun Storage Act. Provides that a firearm owner shall not store or keep any firearm in any premises unless the firearm is secured in a locked container, properly engaged so as to render the firearm inaccessible or unusable to any person other than the owner or other lawfully authorized user. Provides that if the firearm is carried by or under the control of the owner or other lawfully authorized user, then the firearm is deemed lawfully stored or kept.	Assigned to Jud-Crim
HB 2395 (Meier)	Repeals the Firearm Dealer License Certification Act. Makes conforming changes to the State Finance Act.	Assigned to Jud-Crim Firearms and Firearm Safety Subcommittee
HB 2396 (Meier)	Amends the Firearm Dealer License Certification Act. Provides that the fee amount for a certified licensee shall be based upon the number of firearms sold per year. Provides that if the certified licensee sells less than 150,000 firearms per year, the fee is \$200. Provides that if the certified licensee sells 150,000 to 500,000 firearms per year, the fee is \$500. Provides that if the certified licensee sells over 500,000 firearms per year, the fee is \$1,000.	Assigned to Jud-Crim Firearms and Firearm Safety Subcommittee
HB 2419 (Butler)	Amends the Firearm Concealed Carry Act. Provides that the referral of an objection from a law	Assigned to Jud-Crim



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	enforcement agency for the issuance of a concealed carry license to the Concealed Carry Licensing Review Board shall toll the 90-day period for not more than 60 days for the Department of State Police to issue or deny the applicant a license. Provides that if an objection of a law enforcement agency or the Department is not supported by clear and convincing evidence, the Board shall dismiss the objection and notify the Department that the applicant is eligible for a license.	Firearms and Firearm Safety Subcommittee
HB 2507 (Windhorst)	Provides that for a new or renewal concealed carry license, the fee shall be \$100 (rather than \$150), of which \$80 (rather than \$120) shall be apportioned to the State Police Firearm Services Fund, \$15 (rather than \$20) shall be apportioned to the Mental Health Reporting Fund, and \$5 (rather than \$10) shall be apportioned to the State Crime Laboratory Fund.	Assigned to Jud-Crim Firearms and Firearm Safety Subcommittee
HB 2629 (Skillicorn)	Provides that for a new or renewal concealed carry license, the fee shall be \$75 (rather than \$150), of which \$60 (rather than \$120) shall be apportioned to the State Police Firearm Services Fund, \$5 (rather than \$20) shall be apportioned to the Mental Health Reporting Fund, and \$10 shall be apportioned to the State Crime Laboratory Fund. Provides that a non-resident applicant for a new license or renewal shall submit \$150 (rather than \$300) and a licensee requesting a new license shall submit \$10 (rather than \$75).	Assigned to Jud-Crim Firearms and Firearm Safety Subcommittee
HB 2653 (Ugaste)	Increases penalties by one class for unlawful use of weapons. Provides that a first offense of aggravated unlawful use of a weapon committed with a firearm by a person 18 years of age or older where certain factors exist is a Class 3 felony (rather than a Class 4 felony), for which the person shall be sentenced to a term of imprisonment of not less than 2 years and not more than 5 years. Increases the penalty by one class for unlawful possession of firearms.	Referred to Jud-Crim
HB 2883 (Guzzardi)	Provides that the Department of State Police shall create and maintain a database that a person can voluntarily apply to in order to be barred from purchasing a firearm. Provides that the application shall be notarized and submitted to the Department, in a form and manner prescribed by the Department. Provides that a person shall remain on the database until he or she submits a notarized withdrawal application. Provides that the withdrawal application shall automatically be approved and become effective 7 days after receipt by the Department. Provides that the Department has authority to deny an application for or to revoke and seize a Firearm Owner's Identification Card previously issued under the Act only if the Department finds that the applicant or the person to whom such card was issued is or was at the time of issuance a person who voluntarily registers on the Department's voluntary do not sell to database.	Assigned to Jud-Crim Firearms and Firearm Safety Subcommittee
HB 2971 (Walker)	Creates the Smart Handgun Technology Act. Provides that until the Attorney General finds that personalized handgun technology is available, he or she is required to report to the Governor and the General Assembly every 6 months regarding the availability of personalized handguns for retail sales purposes. Provides that 23 months after the Attorney General finds that smart handguns are available for retail sale, the Attorney General and the Director of State Police must begin the process of adopting a list of personalized handguns that may be sold in the State. Provides that 6 months after the initial list of personalized handguns is approved, it is unlawful for any licensed	Assigned to Jud-Crim Firearms and Firearm Safety Subcommittee

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	manufacturer, wholesaler, or retail firearms dealer to transport into the State, sell, expose for sale, possess with the intent of selling, assign, or otherwise transfer a handgun unless it is a personalized handgun.	
HB 3006 (Davidsmeyer)	Provides that a person who is under 21 years of age may apply for a Firearm Owner's Identification Card without parental consent required if he or she is an active duty member of the United States Armed Forces. Amends the Firearm Concealed Carry Act. Provides that the Department of State Police shall issue a concealed carry license to an applicant who is an active duty member of the United States Armed Forces.	Assigned to Jud-Crim Firearms and Firearm Safety Subcommittee
HB 3009 (Davidsmeyer)	Amends the Code of Criminal Procedure of 1963. Provides that a firearm may not be seized by the court unless: (1) the person is subject to revocation and seizure under the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act; (2) the person subject to a firearms restraining order under the Firearms Restraining Order Act; (3) the firearm is required for evidentiary purposes; or (4) the firearm is subject to seizure as otherwise authorized by State or federal law.	Assigned to Jud-Crim Firearms and Firearm Safety Subcommittee
HB 3023 (Kalish)	Amends the Firearm Concealed Carry Act. Adds any building, real property, or parking area under the control of a church, synagogue, temple, mosque, or other place of worship, to the places where concealed carry of a firearm under the Act is prohibited.	Tabled
HB 3079 (Bristow)	Provides that any non-resident registered competitor or attendee of a competitive shooting event held at the World Shooting and Recreational Complex sanctioned by a national governing body, who is not prohibited by the laws of Illinois, the state of his or her domicile, or the United States from obtaining, possessing, or using a firearm may purchase or obtain a rifle, shotgun, or other long gun or ammunition for a rifle, shotgun, or other long gun at the competitive shooting event or a store within a 20 mile radius of the Complex.	Assigned to Jud-Crim
HB 3104 (Gong-Gershowtiz)	Provides that 180 days after the effective date of the amendatory Act, an applicant for the issuance or renewal of a Firearm Owner's Identification Card shall include a full set of his or her fingerprints in electronic format to the Department of State Police for the purpose of identity verification, unless the applicant has previously provided a full set of his or her fingerprints to the Department under the Act or the Firearm Concealed Carry Act.	Assigned to Jud-Crim
HB 3142 (Halbrook)	Provides that after the disposition of a criminal case or in any criminal case where a final judgment in the case was not entered due to the death of the defendant, and when a confiscated weapon is no longer needed for evidentiary purposes, and when in due course no legitimate claim has been made for the weapon, a weapon transferred to a law enforcement agency may be sold by the law enforcement agency at public auction	Assigned to Jud-Crim
HB 3159 (Costello)	Provides that an application for a concealed carry license shall contain the applicant's valid driver's license number, valid state identification card number, or valid United States Military identification card number.	Assigned to Jud-Crim
HB 3162 (Costello)	Amends the Firearm Dealer License Certification Act. Provides that "retail location" does not include the World Shooting and Recreational Complex. Provides that the provisions of the Act	Assigned to Jud-Crim



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	related to the certification of a license do not apply to transfers of firearms to a resident registered competitor or attendee or non-resident registered competitor or attendee by a licensed federal firearms dealer at a competitive shooting event held at the World Shooting and Recreational Complex that is sanctioned by a national governing body.	
HB 3165 (Costello)	Provides that the Department of State Police may not retain, copy, or distribute any information previously collected under this Act on a firearm transfer inquiry system check. Requires the Department to destroy all records of the Firearms Transfer Inquiry Program system with respect to the call or request, other than the identifying number and the date the number was assigned, and all records of the system relating to the person or the transfer, within 45 days after the request, except: (1) if the transfer of a firearm is denied by the Department of State Police, the Department may keep the records of a denial in perpetuity, unless the denial is appealed and overturned then the records shall be destroyed; or (2) if the record is part of a criminal investigation initiated prior to the 45 day limit.	Assigned to Jud-Crim
HB 3166 (Costello)	Exempts from a violation of the unlawful use of weapons statute and the aggravated unlawful use of a weapon statute, the carrying or possessing of firearms by wardens, superintendents and keepers of prisons, penitentiaries, jails and other institutions for the detention of persons accused or convicted of an offense, whether or not the firearms are carried while in the performance of their official duty or whether or not they are commuting between their homes and places of employment	Assigned to Jud-Crim
HB 3167 (Costello)	Repeals the Firearm Owners Identification Card Act. Amends various Acts to make conforming changes.	Assigned to Jud-Crim
HB 3169 (Wehrli)	Provides that 120 days after the effective date of the amendatory Act, it is unlawful for a person to knowingly import, sell, manufacture, transfer, or possess, in this State, a bump-fire stock for a semi-automatic firearm that does not convert the semi-automatic firearm into a machine gun.	Assigned to Jud-Crim
HB 3170 (Batinick)	Increases the penalty for unlawful use of weapons by selling, manufacturing, purchasing, possessing, or carrying a machine gun, other than in the passenger compartment of a motor vehicle or on one's person if the weapon is loaded, from a Class 2 felony, with a mandatory sentence of not less than 3 years and not more than 7 years imprisonment to a Class 1 felony, with a mandatory sentence of not less than 4 years and not more than 15 years imprisonment. Amends the Unified Code of Corrections. Provides that a person serving a sentence for this violation shall receive no more than 7.5 days sentence credit for each month of his or her sentence of imprisonment	Assigned to Jud-Crim
HB 3173 (Windhorst)	Provides that the 72 hour waiting period before delivery of a concealable firearm after application for its purchase has been made does not apply to a person who has been issued a valid license to carry a concealed handgun under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act.	Assigned to Jud-Crim
HB 3174 (Windhorst)	Eliminates provision that a licensee under the Act shall not knowingly carry a firearm on any bus, train, or form of transportation paid for in whole or in part with public funds, and any building, real property, and parking area under the control of a public transportation facility paid for in whole or in part with public funds.	Assigned to Jud-Crim

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HB 3176 (Windhorst)	Deletes existing preemption provisions concerning firearms. Provides that regulation of the ownership and possession of firearms and related items are the exclusive powers and functions of the State. Provides that a local government, including a home rule unit, may not require registration, reporting of the sale or transfer of a firearm, or maintenance of a firearm registry. Provides that any existing or future local ordinances or resolutions imposing any registration requirement on firearms and related items are invalid and void.	Assigned to Jud-Crim
HB 3189 (Moylan)	Provides that a person commits the offense of unlawful use of weapons when he or she knowingly possesses, sells or offers to sell, purchases, manufactures, imports, transfers, or uses: (1) any manual, power-driven, or electronic device that is designed to and functions to increase the rate of fire of a semiautomatic firearm when the device is attached to the firearm; (2) any part of a semiautomatic firearm or combination of parts that is designed to and functions to increase the rate of fire of a semiautomatic firearm by eliminating the need for the operator of the firearm to make a separate movement for each individual function of the trigger; or (3) any other device, part, or combination of parts that is designed to and functions to substantially increase the rate of fire of a semiautomatic firearm above the standard rate of fire for semiautomatic firearms that is not equipped with that device, part, or combination of parts.	Assigned to Jud-Crim
HB 3410 (Bristow)	Provides that the 72 hour waiting period before delivery of a concealable firearm after application for its purchase has been made does not apply to a person who has been issued a valid license to carry a concealed handgun under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act.	Assigned to Jud-Crim
HB 3448 (Costello)	Lowers the minimum age in which a person may apply for a Firearm Owner's Identification Card without parental or legal guardian consent from 21 years of age to 18 years of age. Provides that an applicant who is 18 (rather than 21) years of age or older seeking a religious exemption to the photograph requirement must furnish with the application an approved copy of United States Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service Form 4029.	Assigned to Jud-Crim
HB 3449 (Costello)	Provides that a unit of local government, including a home rule unit, may not impose a tax, fee, or other assessment other than the normal sales tax rate for goods on a firearm, firearm attachment, or firearm ammunition. Provides that the provisions of any ordinance or resolution, in effect or adopted, on or after the effective date of the amendatory Act by any unit of local government, including a home rule unit, that imposes a tax, fee, or other assessment other than the normal sales tax rate for goods on a firearm, firearm attachment, or firearm ammunition are invalid and void.	Assigned to Jud-Crim
HB 3457 (Yednock)	Provides that nothing in the provisions prohibiting the carrying of a concealed firearm in certain areas prevents a concealed carry licensee who is a county or State correctional officer, a judge of the Supreme, Appellate, or Circuit Court of this State or an Associate Judge of the Circuit Court, a judge of the United States District Court, United States Court of Appeals, or the United States Supreme Court, a State's Attorney, or Assistant State's Attorney with the consent of the State's Attorney, from carrying a concealed firearm in any area prohibited by these provisions, other than an area where firearms are prohibited under federal law.	Assigned to Jud-Crim

## Firearm Legislation

HB 3458 (Yednock)	Provides that the Concealed Carry Licensing Review Board shall have no more than an additional 30 days for a total of 60 days to issue a decision, and upon expiration of the additional 30 days, the application shall be returned for normal processing absent a valid reason for denial as provided in the Act.	Assigned to Jud-Crim
HB 3461 (Yednock)	Provides that the 72 hour waiting period before delivery of a concealable firearm after application for its purchase has been made does not apply to a person who has been issued a valid license to carry a concealed handgun under the Firearm Concealed Carry Act.	Assigned to Jud-Crim
HB 3463 (Bristow)	Provides that the Act does not apply to a person authorized to carry a firearm under the Illinois Retired Officer Concealed Carry program implemented by the Illinois Law Enforcement Training Standards Board.	Assigned to Jud-Crim
HB 3465 (Bristow)	Provides that a person who has been issued a currently valid Firearm Owner's Identification Card may transport in a vehicle an accessible rifle, shotgun, or other long gun without the weapon being broken down in a non-functioning state or without the weapon being enclosed in a case, firearm carrying box, shipping box, or other container if the firearm is unloaded.	Assigned to Jud-Crim
HB 3529 (Stava-Murray)	Prohibits the transfer of .50 caliber ammunition and large capacity ammunition feeding devices (30 rounds or more).	Assigned to Jud-Crim
HB 3546 (Stava-Murray)	Provides that Department of State Police and certified firearms instructors shall recognize all 16 hours of an applicant's firearm training as completed if the applicant is an active member of the United States Armed Forces.	Assigned to Jud-Crim
HB 3562 (Cassidy)	Provides that the Department of State Police has authority to deny an application for or to revoke and seize a Firearm Owner's Identification Card previously issued under the Act if the Department finds that the applicant or the person to whom the card was issued is or was at the time of issuance a person who has been prescribed an opioid for a continuous period of 91 or more days, provided that the person may establish that he or she is not subject to denial or revocation by submitting a written statement from a physician to the Department demonstrating that the person is not dependent on an opioid.	Assigned to Jud-Crim
HB 3698 (Kalish)	Provides that a person commits the offense of unlawful sale or delivery of firearms when he or she while holding a license under the federal Gun Control Act of 1968, transfers or possesses with the intent to transfer more than one firearm to any person within a 30-day period or transfers or possesses with the intent to transfer a firearm to any person he or she knows or has reasonable cause to believe has received a firearm within the previous 30 days.	Assigned to Jud-Crim